

**May 12, 2014
Annual Town Meeting
Minutes – 2nd session**

Town Moderator, Stephen Doherty, called the second session of 2014 Annual Town Meeting to order on May 12, 2014 at 7:30 p.m. at the Town Hall Auditorium, 298 Central Street, Saugus, MA with 46 members, plus the moderator present. A quorum is met.

Joyce Rodenhiser from precinct 1 and Jeffrey Moses from precinct 9 were appointed and sworn as tellers.

Moderator Doherty led the meeting in the salute to the flag.

Town Clerk, Joanne Rappa, called the roll.

Town Meeting Member name	Present/ Absent	Town Meeting Member name	Present/ Absent	Town Meeting Member name	Present/ Absent
ATTUBATO, J	P	BARTOLO, J.	P	BILLINGSLEY, S.	P
BROWN, W.	P	CANTERBURY, M.	P	CARDINALE, C.	A
CARLSON, E.	P	CICOLINI, J.	P	CONNORS, A.	P
COSTIN, J.B.	P	COTTAM, D.	P	COTTAM, J.	P
COX, R.	P	DECAREAU, E.	P	DEVLIN, F.A.	P
DINARDO, A.	P	DOCKERY, M.	A	DOHERTY, S.	P
FALASCA, T.	P	FINN, C.	P	FOWLER, J.	P
GOODWIN, P.	P	GROARK, L.	P	GUARINO, K.	P
JOHNSON, P.	P	JONES, C.	P	LEUCI, W.	P
LONG, R.	P	LOPRESTI, A.	P	MALTAIS, S.	P
MANOOGIAN, P.	P	MCCARTHY, S.	P	MCLAUGHLIN, P.	P
MORESCHI, C.	P	MOSES, J.	P	PALCZYNSKI, J.	P
PAOLINI, M.	P	POLITANO, K.	P	PURACCHIO, S.	P
QUINLAN, E.	A	RANDO, P.	P	RING, D.	P
RODENHISER, J.	P	ROSSETTI, P.	P	SMITH, R.	P
SPENCER, B.	P	STEWART, W.	P	SWEEZEY, S.	P
TRAVERSE, T.	P	WITTEN, R.	P		

47 Members present, a quorum is met.

A motion was made from the floor to accept the minutes, as posted, from the May 5, 2014 Annual Town Meeting (1st session).

Seconded at 7:35 p.m.

Minutes accepted by unanimous voice vote at 7:35 p.m.

Article 1. To hear and act on reports of Committees.

No committee reports this evening.

A motion from the floor to move Article 24 to resume deliberation.

Seconded at 7:37 p.m.

Unanimous voice vote to move Article 24 at 7:37.5 p.m.

Article as written:

Article 24. To see if the Town of Saugus will vote to amend the Saugus Zoning By-laws by adding (A) a new Article 18, Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay District, for the purpose of allowing a mixture of water dependent, water related and non-water dependent/related uses and mixed-uses in the Saugus Waterfront area, to prevent encroachment by uses detrimental to the waterfront and surrounding residential area, and to promote sustainable development and public access to the Saugus Waterfront; (B) to amend the Saugus Zoning Map by adding a Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay District Map dated March 2, 2014; and (C) to amend Article III-Definitions section 3.1 of the Saugus Zoning Bylaw by adding the following definitions:

(A)

**Article 18
Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay District**

Vision Statement:

The vision of a proposed Saugus Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay District (WMUOD) is to encourage economic growth and support water dependent and water related uses, specifically including the fishing industry, as well as mixed-use developments that are both commercially practical and aesthetically pleasing and can deliver many benefits including a vibrant, sustainable community. This overlay also seeks to recognize Smart Growth Coastal and Waterfront elements as well as the unique geographical and environmental features of the area and to encourage environmentally sensitive land, water and recreational uses, including public access to and along the waterfront that interconnect with other nearby resources. This overlay promotes waterfront development that is resilient to increasing storm damage, flooding and erosion and the potential

impacts of predicted sea level rise. It recognizes the area's distinctive visual, historical, and natural features which give people a strong connection to the waterfront.

Section 18.1 Purpose and Intent

Purpose

The purpose of the WMUOD is to provide a mixture of water dependent, water related and non-water dependent/related uses and mixed-uses and to prevent encroachment by uses detrimental to the waterfront and surrounding residential area and to promote sustainable development and public access to the waterfront.

By ensuring that water dependent and water related activities and compatible non-water dependent uses are close together, where appropriate, and by protecting and ensuring access to the water for water dependent uses, the Saugus waterfront can provide the basis for more sustainable growth that allows residents and businesses to thrive.

Intent

To encourage the development and redevelopment of water dependent and water related uses, including the preservation and protection of the fishing industry and related uses, and activities which take advantage of the unique characteristics of the waterfront area.

To aid in the revitalization of this area by encouraging a mixture of compatible uses which will attract people and generate a pedestrian friendly atmosphere and to buffer uses that are not as compatible to the residential areas.

To allow a mixed use of development by weaving together water dependent and water related uses with those not dependent on the water.

The WMUOD zoning bylaw is established to integrate a mix of land uses which will promote public access to the water and create more sustainable land uses. It encompasses:

- Existing industrial uses and new light industrial uses fostered by emerging technology.
- Innovative and sustainable building and site design.
- A variety and balance of commercial, retail and residential uses.
- A mix of water dependent, water related and non-water-related uses.
- Preservation and growth of the fishing industry and related uses
- Opportunities for affordable housing.
- Public access to the Saugus River, Pines River, waterfront and nearby estuaries and provide connections to recreational resources.
- Provision for water-based transportation options.

Section 18.2 District Boundaries

The boundaries of the WMUOD are delineated on a map entitled "Saugus Zoning Map-Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay District" dated March 12, 2014, prepared by the Town of Saugus, and the Metropolitan Area Planning Council, and made part of the Official Zoning Map. The WMUOD contains two sub-districts-WMUOD 1 and WMUOD 2. All requirements of the WMUOD shall apply to both WMUOD 1 and WMUOD 2 except that the maximum height in the WMUOD 1 shall be 40 feet and 3 stories; and the maximum height in the WMUOD 2 shall be 40 feet and 3 stories, with heights over 40 feet allowed by special permit by the Board of Selectmen. Such height in the WMUOD 2 is not to exceed 90 feet and 6 stories.

Section 18.3 Applicability

The WMUOD is an overlay district superimposed on the underlying zoning district which includes Industrial (I) as well as Industrial 2 (I2) and Residential (R1).

The WMUOD provides a variety of development alternatives for property owners opting into the overlay district. Anyone opting into the WMUOD will be required to freeboard a structure one to three feet above the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) one hundred (100) year storm event established Base Flood Elevation (BFE).

Freeboard shall mean elevating a building's lowest floor above predicted flood elevations by an additional height of 1 to 3 feet above the FEMA FIRM Base Flood Elevation (BFE). Providing a BFE higher than the minimum required by FEMA, to plan for projected sea level rise, leads to substantial reductions in flood insurance, significantly decreases the chances the structure will be damaged by storms and flooding, and helps protect against sea level rise. Moisture and rot resistant breakaway panels shall be provided to screen the building pilings or piers in the area between the natural ground elevation and the first floor. These breakaway elements should be consistent with the rest of the building's design elements.

In addition to the specific requirements outlined herein, those opting into the WMUOD will be required to review appropriate resources including the guidance document, Development Strategies for Promoting Coastal Resiliency and Sustainability, published by the Saugus River Watershed Council in conjunction with Geosyntec Consultants and the Massachusetts Environmental Trust. A copy of the document will be available on the Town of Saugus' website. The document outlines options and links to other resources for building and site design techniques that promote development that is resilient to erosion, coastal storms and sea level rise and is sensitive to the natural resources of the Rumney Marshes Area of Critical Environmental Concern. To the extent feasible, developers will incorporate appropriate sustainable design strategies into building and site designs.

Section 18.4 Relationship to Existing Zoning and Other Regulations

The WMUOD shall not restrict the rights of any owner who elects to utilize the existing underlying zoning district regulations of the Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB) to develop or redevelop land. If the owner of a property elects to utilize the WMUOD to develop or redevelop land, the project shall conform to all applicable requirements of this by-law, including any regulations or guidelines that may be adopted to support this by-law. Once a property owner opts into the WMUOD the regulations of the WMUOD, where applicable, shall prevail and the property owner cannot opt out of the WMUOD and the property shall be governed by the regulations contained in this Article.

In the WMUOD, all requirements of the Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB) applicable to the underlying districts shall remain in effect except where WMUOD regulations supersede or provide an alternative to such requirements.

If the provisions of the WMUOD are in conflict with any other section of the Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB), the regulations of the WMUOD shall govern.

Projects developed under the existing underlying districts and WMUOD, including new construction of any building(s) or water based structures, including piers, slips, wharves, etc. or additions to same, must secure all appropriate federal, state, and local permits and licenses. These permits and licenses may include but are not limited to: Federal, State, and Local environmental permits and approvals; U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Permit(s); Massachusetts DEP Division of Wetlands and Waterways Chapter 91 Tidelands License (Massachusetts Public Waterfront Act); Massachusetts DEP Wetlands Protection Act; the Saugus Zoning Bylaw including Section 4.-Flood Plain Districts and the State and local wetlands permits. If any sections of the WMUOD are in conflict with the MA Chapter 91 (Massachusetts Public Waterfront) Act, other state regulations, as Well as Federal regulations those regulations shall prevail. Regulations mandated by any state or federal permit or license obtained for any non-water dependent, or water-dependent use (including the applicability of the public trust doctrine) may be more restrictive or require certain public benefits not stated or identified in this bylaw.

It is recognized that much of the land within the WMUOD is part of or drains to the Rumney Marshes Area of Critical Environmental Concern. This region was designated by the state as an ACEC in 1988 to preserve its critical environmental value as one of the most biologically significant salt marsh systems north of Boston. Projects developed under the WMUOD will continue to be subject to all regulatory requirements associated with the ACEC designation.

18.5 Special Requirements

For any property owners opting into the WMUOD, any uses allowed in the WMUOD on property fronting on the Saugus River, Pines River, the waterfront, and estuaries, development must provide for public benefit.

Said provision, including construction of access points to the waterfront and a public pedestrian walkway along the water, a minimum of 4 feet wide, the exact location to be determined by the Planning Board, designed to connect to existing or future harbor front walkways on adjoining properties, and existing or proposed public open spaces such as parks or walking and biking trails. Access from the public street to the harbor front walkway may be required at the discretion of the Planning Board. The walkway shall be open from sunrise to sunset.

The Town of Saugus shall be granted an easement from the property owner granting access to the Town and the public for use of access points to the waterfront, walkways along the waterfront and open spaces and trails, including bike trails, provided under the provisions of this Article. For liability issues see footnote #1 below.

If public access to and/or along the water is unfeasible, the Planning Board shall require some other public benefit including dedication of open space equivalent of a minimum of 5% of the lot size and made accessible for public use, or payment of a fee based on the project's construction cost, to be placed in a Waterfront Access and Improvement Trust Fund (WAITF) account established by the Town for the sole purpose of utilizing these funds to provide public access to the Saugus River, Pines River, the waterfront and estuaries.

Maintenance of access points to the waterfront, public pedestrian walkways trails, or bikeways along the waterfront, as well as open spaces created or designated as a result of this Article shall be maintained by the Town of Saugus or its designee.

Should the Chapter 91 licensing and permitting regulations (administered by the Department of Environmental Protection), as may be amended, require public benefits, additional public benefits may be required as determined by the Planning Board.

18.6 Waterfront Access and Improvement Trust Fund (WAITF)

If a walkway along the water or access to the waterfront is unfeasible for any applicant entering into the WMUOD, the applicant shall make a payment into a Waterfront Access and Improvement Trust Fund (WAITF) equal to 3% of the total construction costs of the project as determined by the Building Inspector. Payments shall be made into the Waterfront Access and Improvement Trust Fund (WAITF) in two equal installments; the first installment shall be made at the time of the granting of the building permit; the second installment shall be made at the time of receipt of a temporary or permanent occupancy permit for any or all portions of the project and shall be a prerequisite. The applicant at any time may make a lump sum payment of the entire required contribution, if he or she so desires. The construction costs shall be determined by the Building Inspector, based on the value of the building permit, who may request the applicant to provide further verification of said costs by a licensed professional engineer. In determining the construction costs of the appropriate building category the Building Inspector shall use the most current Means Construction Cost Guide published by the R.S. Means Company of Norwell, Massachusetts.

18.6.1 Exemptions

Notwithstanding requirements that may be set forth in Ch. 91, the first \$100,000 of total construction costs shall be exempt

from the requirements of Section 18.5 and 18.6. Furthermore, any construction costs to replace, improve, or maintain existing structures that does not increase the footprint of said structure(s) shall also be exempt.

18.7 Administration – Waterfront Access and Improvement Trust Fund (WAITF)

The Waterfront Access and Improvement Trust Fund (WAITF) shall be established by the Town Treasurer who shall keep said monies separate and apart from all other funds. Any monies deposited in said fund shall be expended only with the approval of a Special or Annual Town Meeting after review and recommendation by the Saugus Finance Committee. Said expenditures shall only be for the purposes stated below.

The Town Treasurer shall be the custodian of the fund and may deposit the proceeds in a bank or invest the same in such securities as are legal for the investment of funds of savings banks under the laws of the commonwealth or in federal savings and loan associations situated in the commonwealth. Any interest earned thereon shall be credited to and become part of such fund. The fund shall be administered by the Town Manager or his or her designee.

18.8 Expenditures of Waterfront Access and Improvement Trust Fund (WAITF)

Any money in the fund may be expended only by a majority vote of the Saugus Town Meeting and shall be appropriated for any of the following purposes:

1. infrastructure and public facilities directly impacted by the project making contribution to said fund not limited to sidewalk improvements, pedestrian and bicycle security and safety, signalization improvements, sewer, water and drainage improvements.
2. recreation and open space programs within the WMUOD.
3. educational programs related to the waterfront, the Saugus River, Pines River, waterfront, estuaries or the ACEC.
4. public access amenities (ex. benches / seating, interpretive signage, public art, restrooms) additions within the WMUOD.
5. establishment and maintenance of new or existing public parks, walkways, docks, piers, boat ramps, waterway safety improvements, or parking facilities.
6. local match requirement for any grants that will accomplish any of the above stated purposes including grants for dredging.

No money in this fund shall be used for any purposes not included or directly related to the purposes listed above. Further, money contributed by an applicant for a permit obtained as a result of entering the WMUOD shall be spent on town services related to mitigating the impact of said development. In no instance shall the funds be used to offset the construction costs of traditional and mandatory project improvements which are necessary to secure a building permit or provide access to existing services including but not limited to water, drainage, sewer and transportation improvements as may be required under the Massachusetts Environmental Protection Act.

Section 18.9 Administration of Special Permits and Site Plan Review

- a. For purposes of this by-law, the Board of Selectmen is designated as the Special Permit Granting Authority (SPGA) for all uses noted S-2 below. The Zoning Board of Appeals is the SPGA for all uses noted as S-1 below. All Special Permit Applications made pursuant to this by-law shall conform to the requirements of the WMUOD and Article XII - Special Permits and Conditions, Sections 12.1, 12.2 and 12.3 of the Saugus Zoning By-law.
- b. A Special Permit may be approved, approved with conditions, or denied by the special permit granting authority.
- c. Consistent with the Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB) Section 12.6 Site Plan Review, the Planning Board shall perform Site Plan Review, including sign review, for all applicable projects submitted under the WMUOD. The applicability criteria shall include any new structure, group of structures, or additions in which:
 1. The lot has 50% coverage by primary and accessory structures or
 2. The use is commercial or mixed use or
 3. The use /land directly abuts the Saugus River, Pines River, waterfront or an estuary or
 4. Any new structure having a total gross floor area in excess of 3,000 square feet or
 5. There is an increase of at least 1,000 square feet to an existing structure and where the final structure will have a total gross floor area in excess of 3,000 square feet.
- d. The Planning Board shall forward all applications for Site Plan Review, including signage, within the Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay to the Saugus Boats and Waterways Commission, where applicable, for review and recommendation. Said recommendation from the Boats and Waterways Commission must be issued within 21 business days unless the Planning Board agrees to extend the period to 35 business days.
- e. The Planning Board may adopt regulations for the implementation of this by-law, including but not limited to design guidelines that support the intent of the Waterfront Mixed Use Design Criteria, Section 18.16 below.

Section 18.10 Special Permit Criteria

In addition to the applicable sections of Article XII-Special Permits and Conditions of the Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB) the Special Permit Granting Authority shall consider the following criteria before issuing a Special Permit for development or redevelopment under the provisions of the WMUOD:

- a. Adequacy of the site for the size of the proposed project.

- b. Suitability of the site for the proposed uses(s).
- c. Degree to which the proposed project complies with the purposes of the WMUOD.
- d. The extent to which the project contributes to sustainability of the WMUOD.
- e. The extent to which affordable housing is a component of the project.
- f. The extent to which public access and/or trail connectivity to lands along the Saugus River, Pines River, waterfront or estuaries is provided, if applicable.
- g. Impact on traffic and pedestrian flow, safety and access for emergency vehicles.
- h. The extent to which the project incorporates sustainable building and site design techniques aimed at protecting natural resources and promoting coastal resiliency.

Section 18.11 Inclusionary Housing

Projects developed under the Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay District shall follow the requirements of Saugus Zoning By-law, Section XV: Inclusionary Housing.

Section 18.12 Pre Application Meeting

Prior to submitting an application to the Building Inspector for projects under the WMUOD, applicants are strongly encouraged to contact the Town Manager and request a Pre-Application Meeting with relevant Town officials and Board members including but not limited to the Affordable Housing Trust, Planning Board, Conservation Commission and where applicable, the Saugus Boats and Waterways Commission. The purpose of the meeting is to present the project concept and discuss zoning, public safety, conservation, public access to the Saugus River, Pines River, waterfront, or estuaries as well as housing concerns, etc. as applicable, in order to facilitate project development and coordinate the permitting processes. Project proponents are encouraged to bring sufficient information to the meeting to enable attendees to become familiar with the site and the project. This information includes photographs, a map of existing conditions, and a preliminary concept plan for the proposed project.

Section 18.13 Uses

Except as provided in the Zoning Act, M.G.L. Ch. 40A, or the Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB), or in this WMUOD, no building, structure or land shall be used except for the purpose permitted in the WMUOD as described. Any use not listed herein shall be construed to be prohibited.

Mix of Uses shall mean: A combination of Residential, Community Facility, Retail Service-Commercial, Wholesale Transportation and Industrial Uses or Miscellaneous Uses on one lot or adjoining lots, arranged vertically (in multiple stories of a structure) or horizontally (adjacent to one another in one or more buildings). In this District, this definition supersedes the Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB) definition of “Principal Uses”.

For development or redevelopment under the provisions of the WMUOD, retail uses shall be limited to 50% of the structure’s total gross built floor area.

A. Development as of Right

The following uses are permitted by right in the WMUOD:

Residential Uses

- Two Family Dwellings
- Multi-Family Dwelling-Apartment House, Town House (attached or detached)
- Home Occupation
- Bed and Breakfast

Community Facilities

- Church
- School
- Public Libraries
- Public Museums
- Parish Houses
- Non-Profit Day Nursery or Kindergarten
- Parks, Playgrounds
- Hospitals, Nursing Homes, Rest Homes
- Philanthropic Institutions
- Private Day Nursery or Kindergarten
- Municipal or Church Recreational Buildings
- Governmental Buildings (except garage)
- Municipal Parking Lot or Structures
- Public or private ferry terminals/docks including waterborne passenger transportation facilities such as those serving ferries, excursion boats, water shuttles and taxis
- Public Marinas
- Public boat access
- Town Piers, docks and wharves, including fishing lockers - Commercial fishing boats shall be allowed to use these facilities
- Public Fishing piers or areas
- Harbormaster’s Quarters

Retail Service-Commercial

- Retail Stores and Shops for Custom Work or Making of Articles to be Sold at Retail on Premises
- Retail Establishments Selling Principally Convenience Goods and Services including, but not limited to: Food, Drugs, and Proprietary Goods
- Professional Office for Engineers, Surveyors, Lawyers, Architects, Accountants, Doctors of Medicine, Osteopathy, Banks, Real Estate, Insurance, Manufacturer's Representative, Brokers, Travel Agents, and Headquarters for Non-Political, Civic, Cultural or Professional Societies and Organizations
- Restaurants and other Places Serving Food (no fast food restaurants shall be allowed)
- Hotels (motels shall not be allowed)
- Theatres

Miscellaneous

- Conservation of Water Plants and Wildlife
- Outdoor Recreation
- Private Yacht Clubs
- Private Marinas, launching ramps, boat storage
- Private docks, piers and wharves
- Commercial fishing facilities including fish storage and sales but not commercial fish processing, packaging or wholesale distribution
- Aquaculture facilities
- Aquariums, marine related museums, and other educational facilities, research or training facilities dedicated primarily to marine purposes
- Harbor/marine supplies and services and boat supply

B. Development Authorized by Special Permit

All Mixed-Use projects developed or redeveloped under the provisions of the WMUOD shall require a Special Permit (S-1) authorized by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

In addition, the following Uses shall require a Special Permit (S-2) authorized by the Board of Selectmen:

Retail Service-Commercial

- Health Clubs
- Public Baths
- Sauna
- Personal Fitness Establishments
- Massage Therapy, Bodywork and Movement Education as regulated by the Saugus Board of Health
- Pet Care
- Theaters, Bowling Alleys, Billiard Rooms, Skating Rinks and similar places of Amusement
- Accessory Uses to Scientific Research and Development and related Production Activity
- Hospitals, Sanitariums, Nursing Homes, Rest Homes, Philanthropic Inst.\Private Utility, Transmission Lines, Substation or Similar Facility or Building

Wholesale Transportation and Industrial

- Light manufacturing, including marine-related light manufacturing, Employing Electricity and/or other Unobjectionable Motive Power, using hand labor and/or Unobjectionable Machinery or Process
- Plant for Manufacture of Electrical Devices, Medical, Dental, Optical goods, Maritime related devices and goods, or other Precision Instruments

Section 18.14 Dimensional and Density Regulations

For new construction all Dimensional and Density Regulations in the WMUOD shall mirror the Dimensional and Density Regulations of the underlying zone, as described in Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB) Article VI and the Table of Dimensional and Density Regulations, and the notes thereto except as noted hereunder.

The height limit in the WMUOD-1 is 40 feet, 3 stories

The height limit in the WMUOD-2 is 40 feet, 3 stories. Structural heights of buildings over 40 feet will be allowed by special permit by the Board of Selectmen. Such height is not to exceed 90 feet, 6 stories. Height increases over 40 feet, 3 stories shall not be allowed for changes in grading or filling within the WMUOD-2.

In both the WMUOD-1 and WMUOD-2 all buildings, whether new construction or additions to existing structures, shall be elevated above the FEMA FIRM Base Flood Elevation (BFE). This requirement is made in anticipation of projected sea level rise and shall be mandated for any property opting into the WMUOD 1 or 2. The building height shall be measured from the freeboard elevation (one to three feet) above the Base Flood Elevation as determined by the current Flood Insurance Rate Maps.

For Multi-family residential uses, including mixed uses which contain multi-family residential, the dimensional and density regulations of the R4 zoning district, as stated in the Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB) Section 6.8 and Table of Dimensional and Density Regulations shall apply, except as noted herein. Minimum Lot Area there shall be an additional 2,000 square feet for each additional unit in excess of four (4). This minimum lot area per unit above 4 units shall also apply to mixed uses that contain residential uses.

For all other single uses or mixed uses in the WMUOD the dimensional and density regulations of the B2 zoning district as stated in the Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB) Section 6.8 and Table of Dimensional and Density Regulations shall apply.

The Screening and Buffers requirements of the Saugus Zoning Bylaws (SZB) section 6.6, where applicable, shall apply to all uses in the WMUOD that adjoins a residential district.

More than one principal structure may be permitted on a lot by Special Permit from the Board of Selectmen.

A minimum of 5% of the lot shall be reserved and maintained for open space.

Section 18.15 - Parking

For projects submitted under the provisions of the WMUOD, parking spaces shall be 9 feet wide by 18 feet long, except for required Handicapped Spaces, and designated “small or compact car spaces” shall be 8 feet wide by 16 feet long. No more than 35% of spaces shall be designated for “small cars”.

To promote a pedestrian friendly environment, parking in front of buildings is discouraged. When parking is directly abutting the water a five foot wide public access buffer shall be created between the water and parking lot where feasible. Bicycle racking shall be provided as close as possible to the building entrances.

Parking areas shall include provisions for the “racking” of bicycles in bicycle racks in locations that are safely segregated from automobile traffic and parking. For parking areas of ten or more spaces, bicycle racks facilitating locking shall be provided to accommodate 1 bicycle per twenty (20) parking spaces or fraction thereof.

Where possible, parking areas shall be interconnected in a manner that allows the unobstructed flow of pedestrians between businesses and the parking areas.

Where possible, provisions shall be made for electric charging stations. The provision of electric vehicle charging devices in existing or future parking spaces shall not reduce the number of required spaces. Electric vehicle charging stations on parking spaces that meet the size standards of this by-law for a parking space shall count as parking spaces in all respects.

The following table provides Minimum and Maximum parking requirements for certain uses. All other Parking requirements in the Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay shall be the same as listed in Article VIII-Off Street Parking and Loading Regulations in the Saugus Zoning By-Law.

Use	Minimum Parking Spaces:	Maximum Parking Spaces
Studio/1 Bedroom All other residential units	1 per unit 1.5 per unit	1 per unit 2 per unit
Hotels	0.75 space for each guest room or dwelling unit, plus 1 space for each 500 s.f. of meeting, banquet or restaurant area	1 space for each guest room or dwelling unit, plus 1 space for each 400 s.f. of meeting, banquet or restaurant area
Retail business and service establishments	1 space for each 300 s.f. of gross floor area on the first floor of a building, and one space for each 500 square feet of gross floor area thereafter for all floors used for businesses, excluding basement storage area	1 space for each 250 s.f. of gross floor area on the first floor of a building, and one space for each 400 square feet of gross floor area thereafter for all floors used for office, retail or service businesses, excluding basement storage area
Theaters	1 space for each five seats or for each 100 s.f. of auditorium area, if there are not fixed seats	1 space for each four seats or for each 50 s.f. of auditorium area, if there are not fixed seats
Mixed uses in a single building	See Section 8.5 Combined Facilities of the Zoning By-Law.	Spaces required will be the sum of the requirements of the various individual uses
Marina	.5 spaces per boat moored, docked, stored, or tailored	

For all other uses not specifically mentioned, the number of parking spaces shall be determined by the closest similar use, as determined by the Building Inspector.

By grant of a Special Permit by Zoning Board of Appeals, the minimum or maximum number of off-street parking spaces required may be decreased or increased by taking into consideration the following criteria where appropriate:

- a. The purpose and intent of the by-law is achieved.
- b. The amount of off-street parking to be provided will be sufficient to serve the use(s) for which it is intended.
- c. The decrease in required off-street parking is based on a parking study prepared by a professional engineer or traffic engineer registered in Massachusetts. The parking study will include, at a minimum, the following:
 1. Size and type of existing uses or activities on site
 2. Size and type of proposed uses or activities on site
 3. Rate of parking turnover
 4. Peak traffic and parking loads to be encountered
 5. Hours of usage of the proposed use/structure
 6. Hours of usage of other uses/structures within the Waterfront zoning Overlay District
 7. Amount of shared parking with other uses
 8. Demand for space can be met upon presentation of an acceptable shared parking agreement
 9. Availability of public transportation, bicycle and/or pedestrian facilities such as sidewalks
 10. Other factors identified by the Planning Board
- d. The Zoning Board of Appeals may consult with the Town Building Inspector, public safety officials and/or engineer prior to granting any decrease in parking.
- e. If the Zoning Board of Appeals allows a decrease in the amount of required off-street parking spaces required by this bylaw, this reserved area shall not be developed and shall be either landscaped or maintained in a natural state. The reserved area shall not count towards the open space requirements.

Section 18.16 Design Criteria

Design Criteria promotes quality development that is compatible with the character of the Waterfront Overlay District and the desire for contextual, human-scaled and pedestrian orientated projects.

New buildings, additions and reconstruction when and where appropriate shall be designed to reflect the traditional New England coastal village architecture found within the region.

Compatible Design helps to enhance the quality of life for all residents while strengthening the economic viability of the Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay District.

The Design Criteria seeks to encourage visual harmony, maintain and create access to the waterfront and create and maintain view sheds to the waterfront as well as encourage creative design solutions. The Design Criteria encourages a variety of choices for achieving design compatibility within the Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay District.

The following Design Criteria shall be used to evaluate all projects that require a Special Permit and/or Site Plan Review submitted under the provisions of the Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay.

- a. External building treatments shall be sympathetic to the surrounding neighborhood context in placement, scale, proportion and building spacing where appropriate. No more than 15% of a structure's external building treatment shall be of metal.
- b. Development in areas with little, no, or poor architectural character shall establish a uniform design vocabulary that builds on the maritime character of the area, and fits with these guidelines for the waterfront.
- c. No roof shall have a pitch of less than 5 inches

Public Access, Pedestrian and Bicycle Circulation, and Sustainable Development Strategies

- a. Projects shall enhance the pedestrian environment and bicycle circulation by providing safe and convenient pedestrian access into plans for existing buildings as well as new construction and parking areas and should be designed in concert with landscaping plans so as to:
 1. Minimize the number and size of curb cuts and provide sidewalks along roads within the WMUOD where possible.
 2. Provide improvements to pedestrian access to buildings, sidewalks and parking areas with utmost consideration of pedestrian safety, handicapped access and visual quality.
 3. Provide pedestrian and/or bicycle paths connecting their site with abutting areas, as feasible, in order to promote pedestrian and bicycle circulation safety in the WMUOD.

When parking is located in the rear, pedestrian access via a pedestrian-oriented walkway through to the primary street is encouraged.

4. New structures and additions shall relate to the pedestrian scale by including appropriate architectural details along the ground floor of all facades that face streets, waterfront, and pedestrian spaces where appropriate.

CHARACTER AND CONTEXT

- a. Building design and treatments that express corporate identity shall not take precedence over these uniform design guidelines and such development shall conform to the architectural considerations in these guidelines.
- b. Buildings that are stylized in an attempt to identify a particular tenant, particularly where the proposed architectural design is the result of corporate or franchise prototype design, shall not take precedence over these uniform design guidelines and such developments shall conform to the architectural considerations of these guidelines.
- c. The design of a building that occupies a pad or portion of a larger building or shopping center should share similar uniform design characteristics and vocabulary. Precise replication is not desirable; instead utilize similar colors, materials and textures, and repeat patterns, rhythms and proportions of other units to achieve unity. If surrounding units have little or no design qualities, the new designs should establish a uniform design vocabulary that builds on the maritime character of the area and fits with these design guidelines.

MASSING

- a. The design of a building shall reduce its perceived height by dividing the building mass into smaller scale components.
- b. Buildings or portions of buildings with a Roof Mass over 50 feet in length must divide their facades into smaller parts. A pronounced change in Roof Mass height and shape must be provided as well as pronounced changes in wall planes and building massing. Roofs, cannot extend more than 50 feet without a change in Roof Mass, shape or height.
- c. The following features should be considered as potential elements to help break down building scale:
 - i. Low planters and walls, base plantings, and unique architectural treatments at pedestrian level
 - ii. Covered walkways, trellises or architectural awnings that provide varying degrees of shade and sun at ground level
 - iii. Distinct and multiple architectural roof forms, clearly pronounced eaves, distinct parapet designs and cornice treatments
 - iv. Clearly pronounced recesses, projections, wall plane off-sets, and recessed entries
 - v. Use of deep set windows and mullions
 - vi. Use of vertical accents or focal points
 - vii. Ground level arcades and galleries/balconies on upper floor
 - viii. Use exterior façade treatments to define smaller masses through use of different materials, textures and color
 - ix. Indicate the internal function through a logical hierarchy of building masses

Architectural Details, Materials and Colors

- a. Continuous lengths of flat, blank walls adjacent to streets and pathways are to be minimized.
- b. For visibility and accessibility, primary building entrances shall be located on street frontage, to the extent possible.
- c. For parking located to the rear or side of the building, these secondary entrances to the building are to be visible and accessible from the parking lot.
- d. Mechanical equipment shall be screened, and if located on roofs, it shall be organized and designed so as not to appear to be a “leftover” or “add-on” element.
- e. Projects shall enhance the pedestrian environment and bicycle circulation by providing safe and convenient pedestrian access into plans for existing buildings as well as new construction and parking areas and should be designed in concert with landscaping plans so as to:
 1. Minimize the number and size of curb cuts and provide sidewalks along roads within the WMUOD where possible.
 2. Provide improvements to pedestrian access to buildings, sidewalks and parking areas with utmost consideration of pedestrian safety, handicapped access and visual quality.
 3. Provide pedestrian and/or bicycle paths connecting their site with abutting areas, as feasible, in order to promote pedestrian and bicycle circulation safety in the WMUOD. When parking is located in the rear, pedestrian access via a pedestrian-oriented walkway through to the primary street is encouraged.
- f. Projects abutting the Saugus River, Pines River, waterfront, and nearby estuaries shall ensure that existing public access to the river is maintained, and where none exists, public access is provided consistent with the Town’s goal for more and improved riverfront access.
- g. All buildings abutting the Saugus River, Pines River, waterfront, and nearby estuaries shall, where

feasible, practical, and beneficial to the public, be so designed and placed to allow views to the waterfront from the public way.

- h. As feasible, building rehabilitation and site design shall incorporate green building techniques (such as those developed by the U.S. Green Building Council) and Low Impact Site design techniques aimed at promoting coastal resiliency while protecting and enhancing the existing natural resources and buffer zones, particularly the areas adjacent to the Saugus River, Pines River, waterfront and estuaries. Developers seeking a special permit are required to review appropriate resources including the guidance document, Development Strategies for Promoting Coastal Resiliency and Sustainability, published by the Saugus River Watershed Council in conjunction with Geosyntec Consultants and the Massachusetts Environmental Trust. A copy of the document will be available on the Town of Saugus' website.
- i. Where residential districts abut the WMUOD, the screening and buffers provision of the underlying zoning, § 6.6 shall apply.
- j. Exposed storage areas, machinery, garbage dumpsters, service areas, truck loading areas, utility buildings and structures shall be screened from the view of abutting properties and streets using plantings and/or opaque fences.
- k. Underground utilities for new and redeveloped buildings are required unless physically restricted or blocked by existing underground obstructions, or not possible due to specific site conditions
- l. Landscaping plans shall be comprised of native plants species that have adapted to coastal site conditions such as wind, salt spray, flooding and burial. Plantings that provide a variation of seasonal colors are encouraged. Landscape plans shall show the type, size and location of all proposed plantings. The plan shall show the location of plantings, including use of plantings to buffer neighboring properties and along the street frontage and pedestrian ways.
- m. Large parking areas or areas greater than 20 parking spaces shall be separated by landscaped islands of 8 to 10 feet in width or in the alternative shall devote at least 5% of the interior of the parking lot to landscaping. In addition, a minimum of one shade tree shall be planted and maintained for every 6 parking spaces required or built, within appropriate locations on the lot(s). Trees planted within parking areas shall be planted in protected pervious plots of at least 60 square feet of area. In the alternative, if the above parking design standards are not feasible, parking design stands shall utilize low impact design techniques aimed at enhancing parking area by utilizing landscaping features and greenery that will meet the intent of this subsection.

Section 18.17 Signage-Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay District

Waterfront Mixed Use Overlay District: In recognition of the special nature of the Waterfront District, the following signage regulations shall apply. In addition, the Saugus Boats and Waterways Commission, where applicable, shall pay special attention to signage in their review and recommendation on site plans. All signage shall complement a building's architecture and shall not negatively impact the design uniformity of the WMUOD.

No sign shall be permitted in an area zoned as WMUOD except signs permitted under S.Z.B. sections 7.3; 7.4 and the following:

- a. Size: The total maximum square footage of all signage for a business shall not exceed 75 square feet.
- b. Wall Signs: Wall Signs affixed parallel to the exterior wall of a building for each place of business shall be permitted, provided that the same shall not project beyond the face of any other wall, nor project above the roofline of said wall, nor project more than 16 inches from said wall and provided further that the aggregate area of said sign shall not exceed 10 percent of the wall area of the wall on which it is displayed up to a maximum of 75 square feet
- c. Standing Signs: The Zoning Board of Appeals may, in its discretion, authorize a special permit for a standing sign after finding that the nature and use of the premises or the location of the building with reference to the street or streets is such that a standing sign may be permitted in harmony with the general purpose and intent of this Sign By-Law subject to the following requirements:
 - d.
 - 1. Each lot shall be allowed one freestanding sign, provided that the foremost building on the lot is set back from the front lot line a minimum of 10 feet, subject to the following criteria
 - 2. The sign area shall not exceed 25 square feet per side, 10 feet in any dimension, with a total surface area of all sides not exceeding 50 square feet in area, and shall not be higher at any point than 15 feet from the ground.
 - 3. In granting such special permit, the Planning Board shall specify the size, type and location of the sign and impose such other conditions, safeguards and limitations as it may deem to be in harmony with this By-Law and the public interest.
- e. Projecting Signs: Each business shall be allowed one projecting sign, mounted perpendicular to

the front façade of the building line subject to the following requirements:

1. The sign shall have the lowest edge no lower than 10 feet above grade, nor more than 12 feet above grade, the uppermost edge of the sign shall be no greater than 20 feet above grade or above the roof line, whichever is lower in height;
 2. The sign shall project no more than 4.5 feet from the front building line.
 3. A projecting sign shall only be placed over a sidewalk or walkway, and in no case shall a projecting sign extend over any portion of a vehicular lane.
 4. The sign area shall not exceed 15 square feet per side with a total surface area of all sides not exceeding 30 square feet.
- f. Window signs. Window signs shall be either painted on or attached to the inside window or etched on the window provided such signs do not cover more than 25 percent of the window glass. Interior window signs shall be non-illuminated. Any sign placed within 18” of the window glass shall be considered a window sign.
- g. Awning(s): Awnings or canopies are roof like structures above a window or door and projecting over the sidewalk. Signs shall only be incorporated into the skirt of awnings and not on the primary angled surface.
1. Awnings and canopies shall be attached at or below the lower edge of the sign band
 2. Awnings and canopies extending over the sidewalk shall have its lowest edge no lower than 10 feet above grade.
 3. Awnings and canopies shall only be placed over a sidewalk or walkway, and in no case shall they extend over any portion of a vehicular lane.
 4. Awnings shall have dimensions that match the window and door openings.
 5. Awnings shall be made of canvas and waterproof cloth designed to resist fading and tearing.
- h. Material: Signs shall be made of attractive materials consistent with the character of the district. Materials may include wood (painted or natural), stone, copper, brass, galvanized steel, other durable metals, painted canvas or painted/engraved on façade surface.
- i. Color: No sign shall contain more than five (5) colors. Both black and white are considered separately as colors for enumeration under this Section.
- j. Illumination; Signs shall be externally lit by a white, steady, stationary light(s) shielded and directed solely at the sign. Use of neon lighting is prohibited. Back lighting of signs shall not be used. Any lights used for illumination shall be so arranged as to reflect away from neighboring properties and the Saugus River, Pines River, waterfront and surrounding estuaries.
- k. Temporary signs are only allowed as a result of the repair and/or reconstruction of the existing permitted sign. The Building Inspector, upon application, may issue a permit for up to one 30 day period. No sandwich board style temporary signs shall be allowed.
- l. Set back from residential districts: Signs shall be set back from any adjoining residential district lot line by at least the front yard distance required in the adjoining residential district.

(1)Property owner liability for access across their property: MGL Chapter 21, Section 17C limits a landowner’s vulnerability to law suits. While anyone, including a person using the walkway, could sue a landowner, the owner’s liability is limited by law to circumstances of unlawful, wanton, and reckless conduct. In part the law reads: Any person having an interest in land...who lawfully permits the public to use such land for recreation, conservation, scientific, educational, environmental, ecological, research, religious, or charitable purposes without imposing a fee...shall not be liable for personal injuries or property damage sustained by such members of the public, including without limitation a minor, while on said land in the absence of willful, wanton, or reckless conduct by such person.

Willful conduct is an intentional act or failure to act with knowledge (or knowledge of facts that would lead a reasonable person to know) that such conduct not only creates unreasonable risk of bodily harm to another, but also involves a high degree of probability that substantial harm will result.

(C) Amend the Saugus Zoning Bylaw, Article III – Definitions section 3.1 by adding the following definitions:

Bed and Breakfast Establishment: A dwelling which includes the renting of rooms at a daily rate ((whether or not billed or paid daily), wherein the rental rate includes a breakfast meal in the daily rate, and wherein the owner or operator maintains a place of principal residence. Hotels, motel, inns and lodging houses (or boarding houses) are not classified as bed and breakfast establishments.

Ferries: Establishments primarily engaged in operating vessels for the transportation of passengers.

Freeboard: The elevation of a building’s lowest floor above predicted flood elevations by an additional height of 1 to 3 feet above the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) Base Flood Elevation (BFE).

Passenger Ferry Terminal: A building for on- and off-loading passengers on private and public ferries.

Marinas: Establishments that provide dockage, berthing, or mooring for a fee, rent boat slips and store boats and generally provide a vessel service area that provides for the perform a range of other services including cleaning and incidental boat repair. They may sell fuel, food, and fishing supplies and may sell boats.

Marine Supplies: A business that provides for retail/wholesale purchase of supplies related to commercial marine activities, not to include the retail sales of boats.

Pedestrian Access: An area designed to allow access for pedestrians, including handicap access, from the public right-of-way to and/ or thru private land.

Restaurant, Fast Food: Commercial use which serves food or beverages, is built to encourage drive-through business, and minimizes the number of interior accommodations for on-site consumption of the product.

Yacht club: Organized and run by the membership, yacht clubs promote yachting and boating.
 (Town Manager)

Michael Serino, 54 Gates Road, and Pamela Harris, 24 Pevwell Drive both spoke in favor of the Article.

Joan LeBlanc, Representative from the Saugus River Watershed Council spoke on the article, as well as Selectman Debra Panetta.

Robert Cox spoke of his concerns regarding the article and made a motion to refer Article 24 back to the Economic Development Committee.

Seconded at 7:55 p.m.

Mr. Manoogian requests a roll call vote on the referral.

Town Meeting Member name	Yeas/ Nays	Town Meeting Member name	Yeas/ Nays	Town Meeting Member name	Yeas/ Nays
ATTUBATO, J	N	BARTOLO, J.	N	BILLINGSLEY, S.	N
BROWN, W.	N	CANTERBURY, M.	N	CARDINALE, C.	
CARLSON, E.	N	CICOLINI, J.	N	CONNORS, A.	N
COSTIN, J.B.	N	COTTAM, D.	N	COTTAM, J.	N
COX, R.	Y	DECAREAU, E.	N	DEVLIN, F.A.	N
DINARDO, A.	N	DOCKERY, M.		DOHERTY, S.	
FALASCA, T.	N	FINN, C.	N	FOWLER, J.	N
GOODWIN, P.	N	GROARK, L.	N	GUARINO, K.	N
JOHNSON, P.	N	JONES, C.	N	LEUCI, W.	N
LONG, R.	N	LOPRESTI, A.	N	MALTAIS, S.	N
MANOOGIAN, P.	N	MCCARTHY, S.	N	MCLAUGHLIN, P.	N
MORESCHI, C.	N	MOSES, J.	Y	PALCZYNSKI, J.	N
PAOLINI, M.	N	POLITANO, K.	N	PURACCHIO, S.	N
QUINLAN, E.		RANDO, P.	N	RING, D.	N
RODENHISER, J.	N	ROSSETTI, P.	N	SMITH, R.	N
SPENCER, B.	N	STEWART, W.	N	SWEEZEY, S.	N
TRAVERSE, T.	N	WITTEN, R.	N		

Yeas: 2 Nays: 44 at 8:00 p.m.

Referral does **NOT** pass.

Vote on Article 24 as written:

Town Meeting Member name	Yeas/ Nays	Town Meeting Member name	Yeas/ Nays	Town Meeting Member name	Yeas/ Nays
ATTUBATO, J	Y	BARTOLO, J.	Y	BILLINGSLEY, S.	Y
BROWN, W.	N	CANTERBURY, M.	N	CARDINALE, C.	
CARLSON, E.	Y	CICOLINI, J.	Y	CONNORS, A.	Y
COSTIN, J.B.	Y	COTTAM, D.	Y	COTTAM, J.	Y
COX, R.	N	DECAREAU, E.	N	DEVLIN, F.A.	Y
DINARDO, A.	Y	DOCKERY, M.		DOHERTY, S.	
FALASCA, T.	Y	FINN, C.	Y	FOWLER, J.	Y
GOODWIN, P.	Y	GROARK, L.	Y	GUARINO, K.	Y
JOHNSON, P.	Y	JONES, C.	Y	LEUCI, W.	Y
LONG, R.	N	LOPRESTI, A.	Y	MALTAIS, S.	Y
MANOOGIAN, P.	Y	MCCARTHY, S.	Y	MCLAUGHLIN, P.	Y
MORESCHI, C.	Y	MOSES, J.	N	PALCZYNSKI, J.	Y

PAOLINI, M.	Y	POLITANO, K.	Y	PURACCHIO, S.	Y
QUINLAN, E.		RANDO, P.	Y	RING, D.	Y
RODENHISER, J.	N	ROSSETTI, P.	Y	SMITH, R.	Y
SPENCER, B.	Y	STEWART, W.	Y	SWEEZEY, S.	Y
TRAVERSE, T.	Y	WITTEN, R.	Y		

Yeas: 39 Nays: 7 at 8:01 p.m.

Article 24 Passed as written.

Ms. McLaughlin moves, as a courtesy to the Town Manager, Article 25.

Seconded at 8:02 p.m.

Article as written:

Article 25. To see if the Town of Saugus will vote to amend the Saugus Zoning By-laws by adding a new Article 19, Special Requirements for Medical Marijuana Treatment Centers, for the purpose of allowing and regulating the location of these centers in the Town of Saugus; and to amend the Saugus Zoning Map by adding a Medical Marijuana Treatment Center Overlay District map dated March 14, 2014.

19. Special Requirements for Medical Marijuana Treatment Centers (MMTC)

19.1 Purpose

19.1.1 To provide for the establishment of Medical Marijuana Treatment Centers in appropriate places and under strict conditions in accordance with Chapter 369 of the Acts of 2012 (An Act for the Humanitarian Medical Use of Marijuana) and 105 CMR 725 (Implementation of an Act for the Humanitarian Medical Use of Marijuana).

19.1.2 To minimize the adverse impacts of Medical Marijuana Treatment Centers on adjacent properties, residential neighborhoods, schools and other places where children congregate, and other land uses potentially incompatible with said Centers.

19.1.3 To regulate the siting, design, placement, security, safety, monitoring, modification and removal of Medical Marijuana Treatment Centers.

19.2 Applicability

19.2.1 The commercial cultivation (unless it meets the requirements for an agricultural exemption under Chapter 40A, Section 3 of the Massachusetts General Laws), production, processing, assembly, packaging, retail or wholesale sale, trade, distribution or dispensing of Marijuana for Medical Use is prohibited unless permitted as a special permit, under Chapter 40A, Section 9 of the Massachusetts General Laws and this Article 19 as a Medical Marijuana Treatment Center.

19.2.2 No Medical Marijuana Treatment Center location shall be established except in compliance with the provisions of this Section 19, and in accordance with Chapter 369 of the Acts of 2012 (An Act for the Humanitarian Medical Use of Marijuana) and 105 CMR 725 (Implementation of an Act for the Humanitarian Medical Use of Marijuana).

19.2.3 Nothing in this Bylaw shall be construed to supersede federal and state laws governing the sale and distribution of narcotic drugs.

19.2.4 If any provision of this Article or the application of any such sections to any person or circumstance shall be held invalid or enforceable by final judgment or order of a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Article, to the extent it can be given effect, or the application of those provisions to persons or circumstances other than those to which it is held invalid, shall not be affected thereby, and to this end the provisions of this Article are severable.

19.3 Definitions

“Debilitating medical condition” shall mean cancer, glaucoma, positive status for human immunodeficiency virus, acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), hepatitis C, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS), Cohn’s disease, Parkinson’s disease, Multiple sclerosis and other conditions as determined in writing by qualifying patient’s physician.

Medical Marijuana Treatment Center (MMTC) – Other than agricultural operations meeting the requirement for an exemption under Chapter 40A Section 3 of the Massachusetts General Laws, shall mean a not-for-profit entity, registered under 105 CMR 725.100 to be known as a Registered Marijuana Dispensary (RMD), that acquires, cultivates, possesses, processes (including development of related products such as food, tinctures, aerosols, oils, or ointments), transfers, transports, sells, distributes, dispenses, or administers marijuana, products containing marijuana related supplies, or educational materials to registered qualifying patients or their personal caregivers. Unless otherwise specified, RMD refers to the site(s) of dispensing, cultivation, and preparation of marijuana. A Medical Marijuana Treatment Center is not a health care provider or provider of general wellness services. Under 105 CMR 725.105(N)(7), a Medical Marijuana Treatment Center may not sell any products other than marijuana,

marijuana-infused products (MIPs) and marijuana seeds, and other products such as vaporizers that facilitate the use of marijuana for medical purposes. These Medical Marijuana Treatment Centers, except cultivation, shall be located inside a structure or building.

Marijuana for Medical Use – Marijuana that is designated and restricted for use by, and for the benefit of, Qualifying Patients in the treatment of Debilitating Medical Conditions as set forth in Citizens Petition 11-11.

Marijuana – The same substance defined as “marihuana” Chapter 94C of the Massachusetts General Laws.

19.4 Eligible Locations for Medical Marijuana Treatment Center

19.4.1 Medical Marijuana Treatment Center, other than agricultural operations meeting exemption standards under Chapter 40A, Section 3, may be allowed by Special Permit from the Saugus Board of Selectmen in the Medical Marijuana Treatment Center Overlay District (MMTCOD) provided the facility meets the requirements of this Article 19. The Medical Marijuana Treatment Center Overlay District is shown on a map entitled “ Zoning Amendment, Town of Saugus, MA, Medical Marijuana Treatment Center Overlay District” dated March 14, 2014 and prepared by the Town of Saugus, Economic Development Department, on file with the Town Clerk and hereby made part of this by-law.

19.5 General Requirements and Conditions for all Medical Marijuana Treatment Centers.

- 19.5.1 All non-exempt Medical Marijuana Treatment Facilities shall be contained within a building. Cultivation of marijuana may take place in a structure or outdoors. All phases of cultivation must take place in designated locked, fenced in, limited access areas that are monitored by a surveillance camera system.
- 19.5.2 No Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall have a gross floor area of less than 2,000 square feet or in excess of 25,000 square feet.
- 19.5.3 A Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall not be located in buildings that contain any medical doctor’s offices or the offices of any other professional practitioner authorized to prescribe the use of medical marijuana.
- 19.5.4 Under no circumstances shall a medical marijuana treatment center be permitted as a home business, customary home occupation, or home based contractor.
- 19.5.5 The hours of operation of Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall be set by the Special Permit Granting Authority, but in no event shall said Center be open and/or operating between the hours of 8:00 PM and 8:00 AM.
- 19.5.6 No Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall be located within a radius of 500 feet of residences, public, private or non-profit school, child care facility, family child care home, nursery school, or any facility in which children commonly congregate including public parks or playgrounds and public, private or non-profit recreational facilities, churches or other religious uses, drug or alcohol rehabilitation facility and or maintenance facility or other Medical Marijuana Treatment Centers. Distance shall be measured in a straight line from the nearest point of the facility in question to the nearest point of the proposed Medical Marijuana Treatment Center.
- 19.5.7 No smoking, burning or consumption of any product containing marijuana or marijuana-related products shall be permitted on the premises of a Medical Marijuana Facility.
- 19.5.8 A Medical Marijuana Treatment Center must comply with Article 8 (Nuisances) of the Saugus Board of Health. The Saugus Board of Health has broad authority under state law (M.G.L. Chapter 111, Section 31C and 122) to investigate and control Nuisance conditions. The Saugus Board of Health is empowered by DEP (310 CMR 7.52) to take enforcement action against violators of DEP’s noise, odor, and dust regulations (310) CMR 7.09-7.10).
- 19.5.9 A Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall comply with all pesticide regulations including Federal Regulations (Federal Insecticide and Rodenticide Act – FIFRS), and State laws (Massachusetts Pesticide Control Act-MPCA-Chapter 132B M.G.L. and 333 CMR).
- 19.5.10 A Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall comply with all federal and state laws, acts, and regulations dealing with the storage and disposal of pesticides including federal regulations for storage under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).
- 19.5.11 No Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall be located inside a building containing residential units, including transient housing such as motels/hotels and dormitories, or inside a movable or mobile structure such as a van or truck.
- 19.5.12 No Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall be located in any premises for which an alcoholic beverages license has been issued.

- 19.5.13 The Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall be landscaped. Landscaping elements must be non-obstructive. The placement of landscaping elements for the Medical Marijuana Treatment must ensure landscaping elements including trees, bushes, and other foliage, do not allow for a person or persons to conceal themselves from sight.
- 19.5.14 Signage for the Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall comply with 105 CMR 725.105 (L) and the Town of Saugus Zoning By-law. In addition the following shall apply:
- 19.5.14.1 A Medical Marijuana Treatment Center may develop a logo to be used in signage. Use of medical symbols, images of marijuana, related paraphernalia, and colloquial references to cannabis and marijuana are prohibited from use in this logo.
- 19.5.14.2 External signage shall not be illuminated except for a period of 30 minutes before sundown until closing. Neon signage is prohibited at all times.
- 19.5.14.3 External signage shall not display advertisements for marijuana or any brand name.
- 19.5.14.4 External signage may only identify the building or facility by the registered name and shall include the following required text: "Registration Card issued by the MA Department of Public Health" required. The required text shall be a minimum of two inches in height.
- 19.5.14.5 External signage shall not utilize graphics related to marijuana or paraphernalia on the exterior of the building in which the Medical Marijuana Center is located.
- 19.5.14.6 Marijuana, Medical Marijuana Infused Products (MIPs) and associated products shall not be displayed or clearly visible to a person from the exterior of the Medical Marijuana Center.
- 19.6 Special Permit Requirements
- 19.6.1 A Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall only be allowed by special permit from the Saugus Board of Selectmen, the Special Permit Granting Authority, in accordance with G.L. c.40A, sec 9, subject to the following statements, regulations, requirements, conditions and limitations.
- 19.6.2 A special permit for a Medical Marijuana Treatment Center shall be limited to one or more of the following uses that shall be prescribed by the Special Permit Granting Authority:
- 19.6.2.1 Cultivation of Marijuana for Medical Use (horticulture) except that sites protected under Chapter 40A Section 3 shall not require a special permit; all cultivation for medical marijuana for medical use shall take place within a physical structure. A greenhouse may be considered a physical structure. No outdoor cultivation shall be allowed.
- 19.6.2.2 Processing and packaging of Marijuana for Medical Use, including Marijuana that is in the form of smoking materials, food products, oils, aerosols, ointments, and other products;
- 19.6.2.3 Retail sale or distribution of Marijuana for Medical Use to Qualifying Patients.
- 19.6.3 In addition to the application requirements set forth in Section 19.5 and 19.6 of this Bylaw, a special permit application for Medical Marijuana Center shall include the following:
- 19.6.3.1 The name and address of each owner of the facility;
- 19.6.3.2 Copies of all required licenses and permits issued to the applicant by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and any of its agencies for the Facility;
- 19.6.3.3 Evidence of the Applicant's right to use the proposed site for a Medical Marijuana Treatment Facility, such as a deed, or lease;
- 19.6.3.4 If the Applicant is a business organization, a statement under oath disclosing all of its owners, shareholders, partners, members, managers, directors, officers, or other similarly-situated individuals and entities and their addresses. If any of the above are entities rather than persons, the Applicant must disclose the identity of the owners of such entities until the disclosure contains the name of individuals;
- 19.6.3.5 A certified list of all parties in interest entitled to notice of the hearing for the special permit application, taken from the most recent tax list of the town and certified by the Town Assessor;
- 19.6.3.6 Proposed security measures for the Medical Marijuana Treatment Center, including lighting, fencing, gates and alarms, surveillance cameras, etc., to ensure the safety of

persons and to protect the premises from theft.

19.6.4 Mandatory Findings. The Special Permit Authority shall not issue a special permit for a Medical Marijuana Treatment Center unless it finds that:

19.6.4.1 The Center is designed to minimize any adverse visual or economic impacts on abutters and other parties in interest, as defined in G.L. c. 40A, Sec. 11;

19.6.4.2 The Center demonstrates that it will meet all the permitting requirements of all applicable agencies within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and will be in compliance with all applicable state laws and regulations; and

19.6.4.3 The applicant has satisfied all of the conditions and requirements of Sections 19.5 and 19.6 herein;

19.6.5 Annual Reporting. Each Medical Marijuana Treatment Center permitted under this Bylaw shall as a condition of its special permit file an annual report to the Special Permit Granting Authority, the Saugus Board of Health and the Town Clerk no later than January 31st, providing a copy of all current applicable state licenses for the Facility and/or its owners and demonstrate continued compliance with Chapter 369 of the Acts of 2012 (An Act for the Humanitarian Medical Use of Marijuana) as well as with the conditions of the Special Permit.

19.6.6 Medical Marijuana Centers shall provide the Saugus Police Department, Building Inspector, and the Special Permit Granting Authority with the names, phone numbers and email addresses of all management staff and key holders to whom one can provide notice if there are operating problems associated with the establishment.

19.6.7 The Special Permit shall remain exclusively with the applicant, who shall be the owner or lessee of the premises described in the application. The Special Permit shall terminate automatically on the date the applicant alienates that title or leasehold interest in the premises or ceases utilizing the premises for the uses as defined in section 19.3 of this Article. A special permit may be transferred only with the approval of the Special Permit Granting Authority in the form of an amendment to the special permit with all information required in the Section.

19.7 Abandonment or Discontinuance of Use

19.7.1 A Special Permit shall lapse if not exercised within one year of issuance.

19.7.2 A Medical Marijuana Facility shall be required to remove all material, plants, equipment and other paraphernalia:

- a) Prior to surrendering its state issued licenses or permits; or
- b) Within six (6) months of ceasing operations; whichever comes first

19.7.3 The Special Permit Granting Authority shall require the applicant to post a bond at the time of construction to cover costs for the removal of the Medical Marijuana Facility in the event the Town must remove the facility. The value of the bond shall be based upon the ability to completely remove all the items noted in 19.7.2 and properly clean the facility at prevailing wages.

The value of the bond shall be developed based upon the applicant providing the Special Permit Granting Authority with three (3) written bids to meet the noted requirements. An incentive factor of 1.5 shall be applied to all bonds to ensure compliance and adequate funds for the town to remove the contents of the Medical Marijuana Facility at prevailing wages.

(Town Manager)

Tellers distributed handouts.

Mr. Leuci makes a motion to amend Article 25 as follows:

1. Amend Section 19.4 by changing the date of the map to May 12, 2014.
2. Amend the Medical Marijuana Treatment Center Overlay District Map by eliminating all properties only on the odd side of Broadway, Saugus from and including street number 1639 to and including street number 1831. Specifically eliminate property street numbers: 1639, 1671, 1679, 1687, 1691, 1699, 1705, 1715, 1731, 1737, 1753, and 1831.

Seconded at 8:05 p.m.

Mr. Leuci discussed his amendment.

Vote came on Mr. Leuci's amendment.

Yeas: 31 Nays: 10 at 8:07 p.m.

Leuci Amendment passed.

Mr. Manoogian makes a motion to amend Article 25 by deleting the last sentence in 19.6.2.1 that currently reads "No outdoor cultivation shall be allowed".

Seconded at 8:09 p.m.

Robert Luongo, Economic Development Specialist, explained that the article as currently written, is not in conformance with state regulations. In order to be consistent with these regulations, Mr. Luongo asks for support of the amendment.

Vote came on Mr. Manoogian’s amendment.

Yeas: 45 Nays: 1 at 8:20 p.m.

Manoogian Amendment passed.

Mr. Brown asked Mr. Luongo if there would be a back-ground check, such as a CORI, prior to allowing these establishments to open. Mr. Luongo stated that under Mass Code, the State would be conducting such inspections.

Selectmen Maureen Dever spoke on the article as did Al DiNardo and Mr. Luongo.

Vote on the Article as amended:

Town Meeting Member name	Yeas/ Nays	Town Meeting Member name	Yeas/ Nays	Town Meeting Member name	Yeas/ Nays
ATTUBATO, J	Y	BARTOLO, J.	Y	BILLINGSLEY, S.	Y
BROWN, W.	Y	CANTERBURY, M.	Y	CARDINALE, C.	
CARLSON, E.	Y	CICOLINI, J.	Y	CONNORS, A.	Y
COSTIN, J.B.	Y	COTTAM, D.	Y	COTTAM, J.	Y
COX, R.	Y	DECAREAU, E.	Y	DEVLIN, F.A.	Y
DINARDO, A.	Y	DOCKERY, M.		DOHERTY, S.	
FALASCA, T.	Y	FINN, C.	Y	FOWLER, J.	Y
GOODWIN, P.	Y	GROARK, L.	Y	GUARINO, K.	Y
JOHNSON, P.	Y	JONES, C.	Y	LEUCI, W.	Y
LONG, R.	A	LOPRESTI, A.	Y	MALTAIS, S.	Y
MANOOGIAN, P.	Y	MCCARTHY, S.	Y	MCLAUGHLIN, P.	Y
MORESCHI, C.	Y	MOSES, J.	Y	PALCZYNSKI, J.	Y
PAOLINI, M.	Y	POLITANO, K.	Y	PURACCHIO, S.	Y
QUINLAN, E.		RANDO, P.	Y	RING, D.	
RODENHISER, J.	Y	ROSSETTI, P.	Y	SMITH, R.	Y
SPENCER, B.	N	STEWART, W.	Y	SWEEZEY, S.	Y
TRAVERSE, T.	N	WITTEN, R.	Y		

Yeas: 42 Nays: 2 Abstain: 1 at 8:32 p.m.

Article 25 Passed as Amended

Ms. McLaughlin moves, as a courtesy to the Town Manager, Article 26.

Seconded at 8:35 p.m.

Article as written:

Article 26. To see if the Town of Saugus will vote to amend the Town of Saugus Zoning By-laws and Maps, required by Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) as follows:

Delete Section 4.6A in its entirety
 Add new Section 4.6A as follows:

Section 4.6.A The Floodplain District is herein established as an overlay district. The District includes all special flood hazard areas within the Town of Saugus designated as Zone A or AE on the Essex County Flood Insurance Rate map (FIRM) issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for the Administration of the National Flood Insurance Program. The map panels of the Essex County FIRM that are wholly or partially within the Town of Saugus are panel numbers 25009C0393F, 25009C0394F, 25009C0506F, 25009C0508F and 25009C0526F dated July 3,2012; and panel numbers, 25009C0507G, 25009C0509G, 25009C0517G , 25009C0528G, 25009C0529G and 25009C0536G, dated July 16, 2014. The exact boundaries of the District may be defined by the 100-year base flood elevations shown on the FIRM and further defined by the Essex County Flood Insurance Study (FIS) report dated July 16,2014. The FIRM and FIS report are incorporated herein by reference and are on file with the Town Clerk, Planning Board, and Building Inspector. All Maps and reports referenced in 4.6.A shall be on file in the Town Clerk’s Office and Building Inspector’s Office prior to July16, 2014.
 (Town Manager)

Mr. Rossetti and Mr. Manoogian spoke on the article.

Vote came on Article 26.

Yeas: 45 Nays: 0 at 8:41 p.m.

Article 26 Passed as written.

Ms. McLaughlin moves, as a courtesy to the Town Manager, Article 27.

Seconded at 8:42 p.m.

Article as written:

Article 27. To see if the Town of Saugus will vote to amend the Town’s Zoning By-Laws by adding a new Article 20 entitled “Large Scale Ground Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installations Overlay Districts” that would provide as follows:

- A. Amend the Zoning By-law text by adding the following Article 20
- B. Amend the Zoning Map by adding the Overlay Maps entitled “Route 107 Overlay-Large-Scale Ground Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installations Overlay District, Dated March, 2014” prepared by the MAPC, and “DPW Overlay- Large- Scale Ground Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installations Overlay District Dated March, 2014” prepared by the MAPC, to designate the locations of the Large-Scale Ground Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installations Overlay Districts.

Proposed text and map are as follows:

ARTICLE 20

Large-Scale Ground Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installations Overlay District

20.0 Purpose

The purpose of Large-Scale Ground Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installations Overlay District Bylaw is to encourage the use of solar energy systems and protect solar access consistent with M.G.L. 40A Section 9B and with the Green Communities Act in M.G.L. 25A Section 10, to increase our local renewable energy production, to decrease our reliance on fossil fuels to produce electricity, and to improve local air quality.

This promotion of commercial solar photovoltaic installations is to be accomplished pursuant to the standards set forth herein for the placement, design, construction, operation, monitoring, modification and removal of such installations that address public safety, scenic, natural and historic resources and provide adequate financial assurance for the eventual decommissioning of such installations.

The provisions set forth in this section shall apply to the construction, operation, and/or repair of large-scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installations (LSGMSPI).

20.1 Applicability

This bylaw applies to large-scale (minimum 250kW rated nameplate capacity) ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installations proposed to be constructed after the effective date of this section. This section also pertains to physical modifications that materially alter the type, configuration, or size of these installations or related equipment. The requirements of this bylaw shall apply to a solar photovoltaic installation regardless of whether it is the primary use of the property or an accessory use.

This bylaw is not intended to regulate systems of less than 250kW or roof mounted systems.

20.2 Definitions

As-of Right Siting: As-of-Right Siting shall mean that development may proceed without the need for a special permit, variance, amendment, waiver, or other discretionary approval. As-of-Right development shall be subject to site plan review to determine conformance with section 12.6 of the Saugus Zoning Bylaw as well as Section 3.4 below.

Building Inspector: The Inspector of Buildings, by the Saugus Zoning Bylaw, charged with the enforcement of the zoning bylaw.

Building Permit: A construction permit issued by the Building Inspector; the building permit evidences that the project is consistent with the state and federal building codes as well as Saugus Zoning Bylaws, including those governing ground-mounted large-scale photovoltaic installations.

Designated locations: The locations designated by this bylaw, in accordance with M.G.L. Chapter 40A, section 5, where ground-mounted large scale solar photovoltaic installations may be sited as-of-right. Said locations are shown on Zoning Maps titled; “Route 107 Overlay-Large-Scale Ground Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installations Overlay District, Dated March, 2014” prepared by the MAPC, and “DPW Overlay- Large- Scale Ground Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installations Overlay District Dated March, 2014” prepared by the MAPC, to designate the locations of the Large-Scale Ground Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installations Overlay Districts, pursuant to M.G.L. 40A section 4. These maps are hereby made a part of this Zoning Bylaw and are on file in the Office of the Town Clerk.

Large-Scale Ground-Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installation: A solar photovoltaic system that is structurally mounted on the ground and is not roof-mounted, and has a minimum nameplate capacity of 250 kW DC.

On-Site Solar Photovoltaic Installation: A solar photovoltaic installation that is constructed at a location where other uses of the underlying property occur.

Rated Nameplate Capacity: The maximum rated output of electric power production of the Photovoltaic system is Direct Current (DC).

Site Plan Review: Review by the Site Plan review Authority to determine conformance with Saugus zoning ordinance.

Site Plan Review Authority: For purposes of this bylaw, Site Plan Review Authority refers to the Saugus Planning Board.

Zoning Enforcement Authority: The Building Inspector is the Zoning Enforcement Authority for Saugus.

20.3 General Requirements for all Large Scale Solar Power Generation Installations

The following requirements are common to all solar photovoltaic installations to be sited in designated locations.

20.3.1 Compliance with Laws, Ordinances and Regulations

The construction and operation of all large scale photovoltaic installations shall be consistent with all applicable local, state and federal requirements, including but not limited to all applicable environmental, safety, construction, electrical, and communications requirements. All buildings and fixtures forming part of a solar photovoltaic installation shall be constructed in accordance with the State Building Code.

All requirements of the underlying zoning district(s) shall remain in effect except where these regulations supersede or provide an alternative to such requirements. If the provisions of this bylaw are in conflict with any other section of the Saugus Zoning Bylaw, the regulations of the LSGMSPIOD shall govern.

20.3.2 Building Permit and Building Inspection

No large scale solar photovoltaic installation shall be constructed, installed or modified as provided in this section without first obtaining a building permit.

20.3.3 Fees

The application for a building permit for a large scale solar photovoltaic installation must be accompanied by the fee required for a building permit.

20.4 Site Plan Review

The construction, installation or modification of large scale solar photovoltaic installations shall be subject to site plan review by the Planning Board in accordance with this bylaw. Together with the requirements of Section 12.6 of the Saugus Zoning Bylaw (Site Plan Review), the site plan review authority shall consider and apply the requirements set forth in this bylaw in reviewing and deciding an application for site plan approval. If the provisions of Site Plan Review under this bylaw are in conflict with the Site Plan Review (Section 12.6) of the Saugus Zoning Bylaw, the regulations pertaining to Site Plan Review of the LSGMSPIOD shall apply.

The Planning Board may impose reasonable terms and conditions on the construction, installation or modification of large scale photovoltaic installations, but it shall not have discretionary power to deny the use. The Planning Board shall grant approval with reasonable condition unless, despite best efforts, no form of reasonable conditions can be devised to satisfy the problem with the plan.

20.4.1 Required Documents

Pursuant to the site plan review process, the project proponent of a Large-Scale Ground-Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installation shall provide the following documents in addition to the requirements of Site Plan Review, Section 12.6, of the Saugus Zoning Bylaw:

- a) Blueprints or drawings of the solar photovoltaic installation signed by a Professional Engineer licensed to practice in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts showing the proposed layout of the system and any potential shading from nearby structures;
- b) One or three line electrical diagram detailing the solar photovoltaic installation, associated components, and electrical interconnection methods, with all National Electrical Code compliant disconnects and overcurrent devices;
- c) Documentation of the major system components to be used, including the PV panels, mounting system, and inverter;
- d) Name, address, and contact information for proposed system installer;
- e) Name, address, phone number and signature of any agents representing the project proponent, as well as all co-proponents or property owners, if any;
- f) The name, contact information and signature of any agents representing the project proponent;
- g) Documentation of actual or prospective access and control of the project site (see also Section 3.5);
- h) An operation and maintenance plan (see also Section 20.6);

- i) Zoning district designation for the parcel(s) of land comprising the project site (submission of a copy of the zoning map with the parcel(s) identified is suitable for this purpose);
- j) Proof of liability insurance; and
- k) Description of financial surety that satisfies Section 20.12.3

Upon receipt of an application for site plan review, the Planning Board may engage at the applicant's cost professional and technical consultants including legal counsel to assist with its review of the application in accordance with the requirements of Section 53G of Chapter 44 of the Massachusetts General Laws. The Planning Board may direct the applicant to deposit funds with the Planning Board for such review at the time the application is accepted and to add additional funds as needed upon notice. Failure to comply with this section shall be grounds for denying the application. Any excess amount in the account attributable to that project, including any interest accrued, shall be repaid to the applicant per their written request.

The Site Plan Review Authority may waive documentary requirements as it deems appropriate.

20.5 Site Control

The project proponent shall submit documentation of actual or prospective access and control of the project site sufficient to allow for construction and operation of the proposed solar photovoltaic installation.

20.6 Operation & Maintenance Plan

The project proponent shall submit a plan for the operation and maintenance of the large-scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installation, which shall include measures for maintaining safe access to the installation, storm water controls, as well as general procedures for operational maintenance of the installation.

20.7 Utility Notification

No large-scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installation shall be constructed until evidence has been given to the Site Plan Review Authority that the utility company that operates the electrical grid where the installation is to be located has been informed of the solar photovoltaic installation owner or operator's intent to install an interconnected customer-owned generator. Off-grid systems shall be exempt from this requirement.

20.8 Dimension and Density Requirements

20.8.1 Setbacks, lot frontage, height

For large-scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installations, minimum lot frontage, minimum front, side and rear setbacks, maximum height, and maximum stories shall be the same as required in the Industrial 1 (I1) zoning district-Table of Dimensional and Density Regulations, Saugus Zoning Bylaw Section 6.8-Other General Dimensional and Density Provisions and accompanying footnotes.

20.8.2 Minimum building lot area coverage

The minimum lot areas shall be the same as required in the Industrial 1 (I1) zoning district.

20.8.3 Maximum Building Area

Maximum building area coverage shall be 85%.

20.8.4 Appurtenant Structures

All appurtenant structures to large-scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installations shall be subject to reasonable regulations concerning the bulk and height of structures, lot area, setbacks, open space, parking and building coverage requirements. All such appurtenant structures, including but not limited to, equipment shelters, storage facilities, transformers, and substations, shall be architecturally compatible with each other. Whenever reasonable, structures should be shaded from view by vegetation and/or joined or clustered to avoid adverse visual impacts.

20.9 Design Standards

20.9.1 Lighting

Lighting of solar photovoltaic installations shall be consistent with local, state and federal law. Lighting of other parts of the installation, such as appurtenant structures, shall be limited to that required for safety and operational purposes, and shall be reasonably shielded from abutting properties. Where feasible, lighting of the solar photovoltaic installation shall be directed downward and shall incorporate full cut-off fixtures to reduce light pollution.

20.9.2 Signage

Signs on large-scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installations shall comply with the Town of Saugus sign by law. A sign consistent with the Town's sign bylaw shall be required to identify the owner and provide a 24-hour emergency contact phone number. Solar photovoltaic installations shall not be used for displaying any advertising except for reasonable identification of the manufacturer or operator of the solar photovoltaic installation.

20.9.3 Glare

Solar panels, to the maximum extent feasible, shall be positioned and landscaped so as not to create glare and minimize glare on surrounding occupied structures.

20.9.3 Utility Connections

Reasonable efforts, as determined by the Site Plan Review Authority, shall be made to place all utility connections from the solar photovoltaic installation underground, depending on appropriate soil conditions, shape, and topography of the site and any requirements of the utility provider. Electrical transformers for utility interconnections may be above ground if required by the utility provider.

20.10 Safety and Environmental Standards

20.10.1 Emergency Services

The large scale photovoltaic installation owner or operator shall provide a copy of the project summary, electrical schematic, and site plan to the local fire chief. Upon request the owner or operator shall cooperate with local emergency services in developing an emergency response plan. All means of shutting down the solar photovoltaic installation shall be clearly marked. The owner or operator shall identify a responsible person for public inquires throughout the life of the installation.

20.10.2 Land Clearing, Soil Erosion, Habitat Impacts and landscaping

A landscaping plan shall be submitted detailing all proposed changes to the landscape of the site, including temporary or permanent roads or driveways, grading, vegetation clearing, planting, screening, vegetation, and lighting. Clearing of natural vegetation shall be limited to what is necessary for the construction, operation, and maintenance of the large – scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installation or otherwise prescribed by applicable laws, regulations, and bylaws.

20.11 Monitoring and Maintenance

20.11.1 Solar Photovoltaic Installation Conditions

The large – scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installation owner or operator shall maintain the facility in good condition. Maintenance shall include, but not be limited to, painting, structural repairs, and integrity of security measures. Site access shall be maintained to a level acceptable to the local Fire Chief and Emergency Medical Services. The owner or operator shall be responsible for the cost of maintaining the solar photovoltaic installation and any access road(s), unless accepted as a public way.

20.11.2 Modifications

All material modifications to a solar photovoltaic installation made after issuance of the required building permit shall require approval by the Site Plan Review Authority.

20.12 Abandonment or Decommissioning

20.12.1 Removal Requirements

Any large –scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installation which has reached the end of its useful life or has been abandoned consistent with Section 3.12.2 of this bylaw shall be removed. The owner or operator shall physically remove the installation no more than 150 days after the date of discontinued operations. The owner or operator shall notify the Building Inspector by certified mail of the proposed date of discontinued operations and plans for removal. Decommissioning shall consist of:

- a) Physical removal of all large-scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installations, structures, equipment, security barriers and transmission lines from the site.
- b) Disposal of all solid and hazardous waste in accordance with the local, state, and federal waste disposal regulations.
- c) Stabilization or re-vegetation of the site as necessary to minimize erosion. The Site Plan Review Authority may allow the owner or operator to leave landscaping or designated below-grade foundations in order to minimize erosion and disruption to vegetation.

20.12.2 Abandonment

Absent notice of a proposed date of decommissioning or written notice of extenuating circumstances, the solar photovoltaic installation shall be considered abandoned when it fails to operate for more than one year without the written consent of the Building Inspector. If the owner or operator of the large- scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic installation fails to remove the installation in accordance with the requirements of this Section within 150 days of abandonment or the proposed date of decommissioning, the town may enter the property and physically remove the installation.

20.12.3 Financial Surety

Proponents of large-scale ground-mounted solar photovoltaic projects shall provide a form of surety, either through escrow account, bond or otherwise, to cover the cost of removal in the event the town must remove the installation and remediate the landscape, in an amount and form determined to be reasonable by the Site Plan Review Authority, but in no event exceed more than 125 percent of the cost of removal and compliance with the additional requirements set forth herein, as determined by the project proponent. Such surety will not be required for municipally- or state-owned facilities. The project proponent shall submit a fully inclusive estimate of the costs associated with removal, prepared by a qualified engineer. The amount shall include a mechanism for calculating increased removal costs due to inflation.

(Town Manager)

Peter Rossetti, Town Manager Crabtree and Al DiNardo spoke on the article.

Vote came on Article 27.

Yeas: 45 Nays: 0 at 8:48 p.m.

Article 27 passed as written.

Moderator Doherty stated that Articles 2 – 20 require Finance Committee recommendations. However, due to the fact that we are still waiting for additional information from the state, the Finance Committee has not been able to make those recommendations. Therefore, it is uncertain as to when the next session of town meeting will be held.

Mr. Manoogian made a motion to adjourn to the call of the Moderator.

Seconded at 8:50 p.m.

Unanimous voice vote to adjourn to the call of the Moderator at 8:51 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

Joanne D. Rappa
Town Clerk